'EMBRACING THE ENEMY WITHIN' MANAGING CHRONIC/COMPLEX PAIN WITHIN THE ACUTE SETTING



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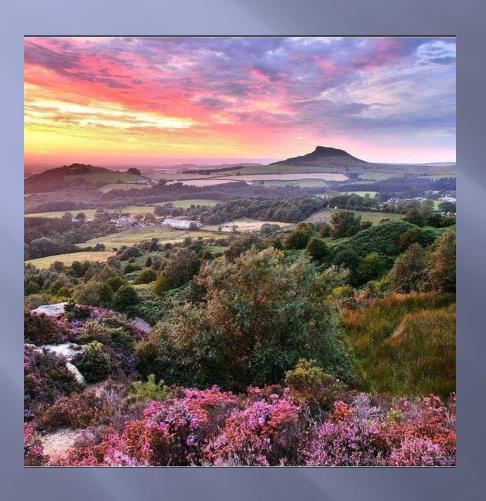
DEMOGRAPHICS







TRUST ME IT'S NOT ALL BAD







WHERE IT STARTED.....

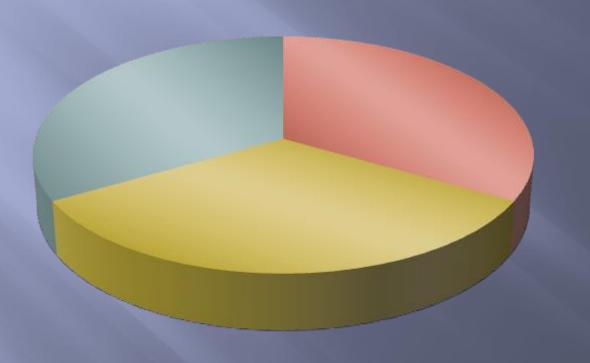
- Comprehensive acute pain services no longer see only the postoperative, obstetric and trauma patients *British Journal of Anaesthesia Editorial (Vol 96, No.1, Jan 2006)*
- □ An audit at JCUH demonstrated that chronic pain patients represented 20% of the acute pain round (*Date, A. Br. J. Anaesth.* (2006) 97 (2))
- Staffing levels, their knowledge and skills, and the availability of drugs and equipment should be sufficient to provide safe and effective pain relief for patients with non-surgical acute pain to the same standard as for patients with post-operative pain. The methods used may differ, however, and should be appropriate for the environment. (Vickers A P 2012, RCA, Raising the standards)

"If you want something new, you have to stop doing something old"
Peter F. Drucker





A 3-Way Spin?



- The Chronic Pain
 Patient
- The Trust
- ☐ The In-Patient Pain
 Team

The case for the patient

- Drug dependency/Opioid reduction
- Medically driven model of care 'there must be something else'
- Psycho-social overlay, the ward is a refuge from personal problems
- A&E is open 24hrs..... These patients love the open all hours concept believing if they turn up often enough someone will do something different
- Lack of community resources

"We can't solve problems by using the same kind of thinking we used when we created them"......Albert Einstein

The case for the Trust

- Reducing non-acute admissions
- Penalties for re-admissions
- Performance targets and patient flow
- Releasing capacity in clinics
- Pressures in A&E
- LTC management in primary care
- □ Cost 3year £90.8m Recovery plan introduced2014

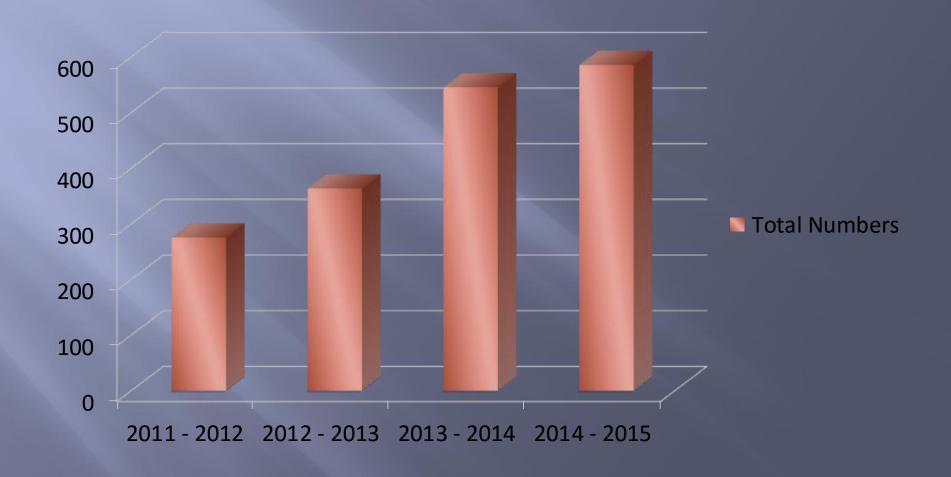
The Case for our Service

- Continued increase in non-acute patients being referred from the wards became the enemy of the acute pain round
- The pain team is the only consistent point of contact e.g. gastro-enterology is often a different cons / team each admission
- Frequent attenders to A&Eour top 20 frequent flyers.....we may start issuing a loyalty scheme!!
- The threat of losing the service to outreach teams
- A chance to re-configure and raise the profile can we survive another 20 years managing epidurals?

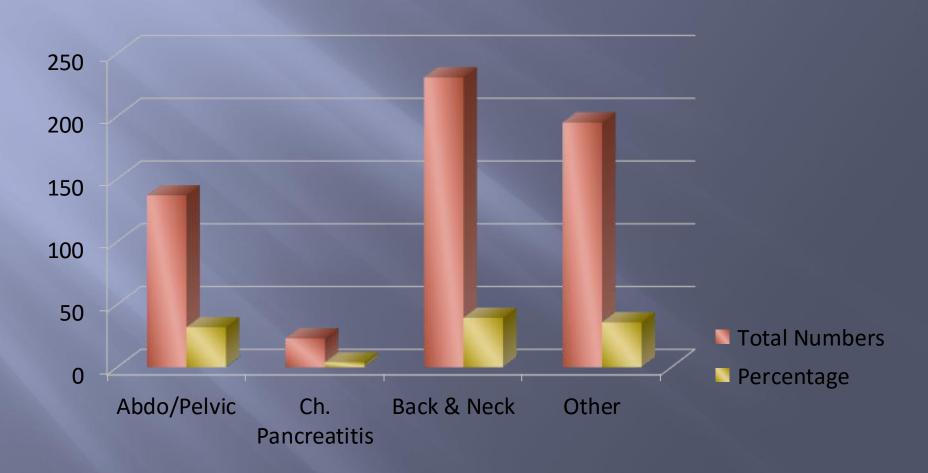
"Neither a wise man nor a brave man lies down on the tracks of history to wait for the train of the future to run over him.".....

Dwight D. Eisenhower

In Patient Referrals



12 Months Data (admitted) 586 new referrals 2014/5



2014/5 Admission Avoided



The Community Pain Service The key mechanism in this change

- Nurse-Led & Consultant clinics
- Out of the hospital
- □ 2 week waiting time
- Chance to re-assess and sign post
- Closer liaising with GP's, community nursing staff and therapists
- Accelerated access to patient education "Explain Pain"
- □ Direct referrals to all elements

"You must be the change you want to see in the world."...... M.K. Gandhi

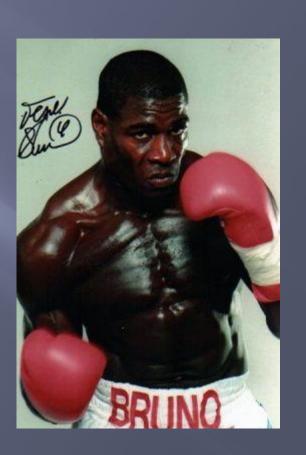
Attack from within

- Referral timely admission avoidance or reduced LOS
- Assess "Frank Discussion"
- Plan
- Early Review community pain clinic
- Patient Education Plant the seed......

Meet Frank!

- Firm
- Realistic
- AppropriateAdjustment toAnalgesia
- Negotiate
- Know where we're going

"Imagination is more important than knowledge"...<u>Albert Einstein</u>



Is it worth it?

- Cost per day on surgical ward £180
- USS £55
- MRI £160
- Abdo XR £33
- Haematology x 1 test £4.41
- \blacksquare Average cost for 3 day stay = £650
- A&E attendance without admission £91

"No people come into possession of a culture without having paid a heavy price for it"...... <u>James A. Baldwin</u>

Do the maths!

- Cost of 586 pts = > £380,000
- From the 586 referrals 176 (30%) could have been discharged from A&E and seen in community setting
- Admitted, and averaging 3 day stay
 Saving / Cost = 176 x £650 = £114,400
- Reducing LOS by one day (586 x £180) >£105,00

[&]quot;He who does not economize will have to agonize." **Confucius**

Developments to date.....

- Improved links with A+E/Front of House/Ambulance Service/Medical wards
- Succinct Treatment Plans/Electronic Alerts
- Administrative Support ©
- Winner of NELA 'Emerging Leader 2014'
- Shortlisted Finalists HSJ Care Integration Awards – Pain Management
- MDT approach to care:

Case Conference (very complex)

HILT/Mental Health

Explain Pain

- GP Awareness Event
- Chester Acute Pain Symposium
- Flagship to other hospitals



Moving forwards.....



- CCG's commissioning of appropriate services
- Alternatives route into emergency care.....walk in centres / minor injuries unit
- Dedicated clinical pathways for pain conditions in A&E/Patient contracts/alternative opiate route – S/L Fentanyl
- If consistent messages are given to anyone turning up to A&E or redirecting them to a primary care centre then this may help to change behaviour

Coming together is a beginning; keeping together is progress; working together is success...... <u>Henry Ford</u>

Who dares wins

- The patient
- The Trust
- The GP
- The In-patient pain team
- The Out-patient clinic
- The patient on an elective list
- The national purse

A thought to leave you with.....

It is inappropriate for patients with pyscho-socially driven flare ups of pain to occupy acute beds and further stretch the resources of front line emergency staff; as pain teams we are equipped to provide a service that is right for the patient, right for the organisation and could secure the future of in-patient pain teams within the current health care dynamic

THANK YOU



ANY QUESTIONS?